## Barking Marsh Frog (Limnodynastes fletcheri)





Toes: Toe pads absent, no webbing, fringes present.



Eggs: Floating, foamy mass.





## Other common names: Barking Frog, Fletcher's Frog, Longthumbed Frog.

Adult description: The adult Barking Marsh Frog has irregular edged brownish-olive green blotches on its back and a reddishorange patch on the upper eyelid. The skin is smooth, or with low, rounded warts. The belly is white and smooth. The base of the toe is webbed. Adults range in length between 33 and 55 mm.

Calling: Males call from amongst concealed floating vegetation. The call is a short modulated note, sounding similar to a distant barking dog, hence the name. This 'whrup' or 'rok' sound is repeated every few seconds.

Breeding: Breeding usually occurs between spring and autumn after heavy rains. It takes a female two years to become reproductively mature.

Eggs & tadpoles: Approximately 300 pigmented eggs are laid in a floating foamy mass, often partly anchored to grasses. Found in slow moving or still water. Eggs hatch within three days after being laid. Tadpoles are moderately large and can range in colour from translucent white-gold with a tint of olive to opaque greybrown or olive-brown. Found in slow moving or still water. When disturbed, tadpoles can move very swiftly.

Habitat: Adults most often associate with water within woodlands and along the floodplains of lakes and rivers. Usually found beneath rocks, logs and in yabby burrows.

Conservation status & threats: Non-threatened. Potential threats include a decline in water quality, habitat disturbance, cats, foxes, herbicides and pesticides, and the Chytrid fungus (Batrachochytrium).

Interesting facts and features: Most often confused with Limnodynastes tasmaniensis - the call is the most reliable method of distinction between the two species.



The North Central Catchment Management Authority acknowledges Aboriginal Traditional Owners within the region, their rich culture and spiritual connection to Country. We also recognise and acknowledge the contribution and interest of Aboriginal people and organisations in land and natural resource management.

The information on this Fact Sheet is extracted from the North Central Waterwatch Frogs Field Guide. Please visit the North Central Catchment Management Authority website, www.nccma.vic.gov.au for more information





